

DISPOSITION: October 9, 1944. The Roop Grocery Co., Bowdon, Ga., claimant for the Bowdon lot, having admitted that the product was adulterated, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be reprocessed for use as animal feed, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. On August 24, 1944, no claimant having appeared for the Monticello lot, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed. Destruction of the latter lot was effected by delivering it to the Atlanta Penitentiary, for use as hog feed.

6843. Adulteration of soy flour. U. S. v. 73 Bags and 34 Bags of Soy Flour. Decrees of condemnation. Portion of product ordered sold; remainder ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. Nos. 13102, 13639. Sample Nos. 61353-F, 72097-F.)

LIBELS FILED: July 29 and September 6, 1944, Southern District of Texas and Eastern District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 19, 1943, and February 1, 1944, by the A. E. Staley Manufacturing Co., from Decatur, Ill.

PRODUCT: Soy flour: 73 bags and 34 bags, each containing 100 pounds, at Houston, Tex., and St. Louis, Mo., respectively.

LABEL, IN PART: "Staley's Soyflour Especially Processed for Meat Packers," or "Staley's Soy Flour Hi-Fat."

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of weevils, larvae, and insect fragments.

DISPOSITION: August 31, 1944. The A. E. Staley Manufacturing Co., a corporation, having appeared as claimant for the lot at Houston, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for conversion into animal feed, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. On November 3, 1944, no claimant having appeared for the remainder, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered sold, conditioned that it be denatured so that it could not be used for human consumption.

6844. Adulteration of cracked wheat flour. U. S. v. 19 Bags of Cracked Wheat Flour. Product ordered destroyed. (F. D. C. No. 13280. Sample No. 68072-F.)

LIBEL FILED: August 24, 1944, Southern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 20, 1944, from Winona, Minn.

PRODUCT: Cracked wheat flour: 19 bags, each containing 100 pounds, at Marietta, Ohio, in the possession of the Richardson Baking Co.

This product had been stored, after shipment, under insanitary conditions. Some of the bags had been rodent-cut, and rodent excreta was observed on the bags. Examination disclosed the presence of rodent hair fragments, rodent excreta, larvae, and insect fragments in the product.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: September 29, 1944. No claimant having appeared, the product was ordered destroyed.

6845. Adulteration of whole wheat flour, gluten flour, and phosphated flour. U. S. v. 16 Bags of Whole Wheat Flour (and 3 other seizure actions against gluten flour and phosphated flour). Decrees of condemnation. One lot ordered destroyed; remaining lots ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. Nos. 13110, 13256, 13425, 14002. Sample Nos. 62973-F, 63921-F, 63922-F, 80594-F, 84901-F.)

LIBELS FILED: Between August 1 and October 5, 1944, Eastern and Western Districts of Arkansas, Southern District of Florida, and District of New Jersey.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: Between the approximate dates of April 3 and August 31, 1944, by the Pillsbury Flour Mills Co., from Enid, Okla., and Philadelphia, Pa.

PRODUCT: 16 100-pound bags of whole wheat flour at Camden, N. J.; 76 50-pound bags of phosphated flour at Russellville, Ark.; 354 25-pound bags of phosphated flour at Eldorado, Ark.; and 64 100-pound bags of gluten flour at Jacksonville, Fla.

LABEL, IN PART: "Pillsbury's Potentate High Gluten," "Pillsbury's Fine Ground Whole Wheat," or "Pillsbury's Best * * * Flour."

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of weevils, larvae, cast skins, pupae, and insect fragments.

DISPOSITION: Between September 29 and October 20, 1944, the Pillsbury Flour Mills Co., the Feeders Supply Co., Russellville, Ark., and the Ritchie Grocer Co., Eldorado, Ark., claimants for the lots at Jacksonville, Russellville, and Eldorado, having admitted the allegations of the respective libels, judgments of condemnation were entered and the products were ordered released under bond to be denatured under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration. On September 28, 1944, no claimant having appeared for the Camden lot, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

6846. Adulteration of whole wheat flour and dark rye flour. U. S. v. 20 Bags of Whole Wheat Flour and 12 Bags of Dark Rye Flour. Consent decree of condemnation. Product ordered released under bond. (F. D. C. No. 13229. Sample Nos. 68485-F, 68486-F.)

LIBEL FILED: August 15, 1944, Southern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 18 and March 17, 1944, from Springfield, Ill.

PRODUCTS: 20 100-pound bags of whole wheat flour and 12 100-pound bags of dark rye flour, at Reading, Ohio, in possession of Ed. G. Koehl, Inc.

This product had been stored under insanitary conditions after shipment. Rodent pellets were observed on the bags, and examination showed that the product contained rodent hair fragments, larvae, and insect fragments.

VIOLATIONS CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: August 22, 1944. Ed. G. Koehl, Inc., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for conversion into animal feed by mixing with other ingredients, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

6847. Adulteration of whole wheat flour, rye flour, and plain flour. U. S. v. 19 Bags of Flour (and 7 other seizure actions against flour). Decrees of condemnation. Portions of product ordered released under bond; remainder ordered destroyed. (F. D. C. Nos. 13098, 13241, 13297, 13304, 13305, 13313, 13507, 13597. Sample Nos. 28899-F, 63911-F, 68061-F, 68076-F, 75399-F, 75400-F, 75901-F, 75902-F, 75913-F, 75928-F.)

LIBELS FILED: Between July 31 and September 8, 1944, Southern District of Ohio, Western District of Pennsylvania, and Southern District of Florida.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: From on or about January 3 to June 24, 1944, by the Russell-Miller Milling Co., from Alton, Ill., Buffalo, N. Y., and St. Louis, Mo.

PRODUCT: Flour; 19 100-pound bags at Cincinnati, Ohio; 215 140-pound bags at Marietta, Ohio; 80 100-pound bags and 57 50-pound bags at Donora, Pa.; 114 100-pound bags and 50 25-pound bags at Point Marion, Pa.; 96 100-pound bags at Sanford, Fla.; 121 98-pound bags at Pittsburgh, Pa.; and 44 100-pound bags at Miami, Fla.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bags) "Occident 100% Whole Wheat Flour Bromated Fine," "Occident Family Flour Enriched Bleached," "Ford Milling Co. Brand Manufactured by Frank H. Blodgett Inc. Wisconsin Janesville, Wis. White Rye Pure," or "Sweet Loaf [or "Producer" or "Goliath"] Flour Bleached."

VIOLATION CHARGED: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of one or more of the following: Larvae, weevils, insect fragments, and cast skins.

DISPOSITION: August 30 and September 29, 1944. No claimant having appeared for the lots at Cincinnati and Miami, judgments of condemnation were entered and the product was ordered destroyed. On September 30 and October 2 and 9, 1944, C. W. Schramm & Co., the Donora Flour and Feed Co., the Russell-Miller Milling Co., the Victor Cash Feed Store, the Wight Grocery Co., and the Vienna Baking Co., having appeared as claimants for the lots at Marietta, Donora, Point Marion, Sanford, and Pittsburgh, and having admitted the allegations of the libels, judgments of condemnation were entered. The product was ordered released under bond to be salvaged for purposes other than for human consumption.